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# Real-Time Electric Vehicle Smart Charging at Workplaces: A Real-World Case Study

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## Background

- Large-scale EV charging is increasing in popularity
- Companies are installing large numbers of EV chargers
  - Require charge scheduling algorithms to maximize benefit of resources
- Present a modifiable real-time smart-charging algorithm
  - Maximize energy delivered
  - Minimize energy costs
  - Uphold infrastructure constraints
- Data available via GISMO group at SLAC + Google





## Real-Time Smart Charging Algorithm

- Departure time scenario generation
- Certainty equivalent future model for EV arrivals
- Convex/concave objective functions
- Coupling constraints

Alg	orithm 1 REAL-TIME SMART CHARGING
1: f	or each day do
2:	Update current parking lot state
3:	for each 15 minute interval $t$ do
4:	if new departure from parking lot then
5:	Update parking lot state
6:	end if
7:	if new arrival to parking lot then
8:	Generate $N$ potential departure times for new arrival
9:	Update Parking lot state
10:	end if
11:	Formulate optimization for time t:
12:	for each EV $i$ plugged in at time $t$ do
13:	Add EV $i$ to total objective function
14:	Add EV $i$ to active constraints
15:	end for
16:	for each future EV j in daily model $t_{model} > t$ do
17:	Add EV $j$ to total objective function
18:	Add EV $j$ to active constraints
19:	end for
20:	Solve optimization for time t
21:	Store planned energy schedule for each EV $i$
22:	Set each EVSE's output power for the current 15 minute interval
23:	Update peak load $\hat{e}_{old}$ for demand charge calculation (if a new
	peak load is observed)
24:	end for
25: 6	and for



## Access to 5 years of historical ChargePoint charging data at several locations

- Examined 1 month period (June 2019)
- Google campus
  - 57 EV chargers
  - 50-100 EVs arriving per day
  - PG&E E-19 rate structure



#### Data



Arrival Time Block	Avg Charge Amount (kWh)	Avg Stay Duration
12:00am-2:00am	5.56	4 hrs 38 mins
2:00am-4:00am	4.00	2 hrs 02 mins
4:00am-6:00am	12.91	3 hrs 52 mins
6:00am-8:00am	14.63	5 hrs 29 mins
8:00am-10:00am	15.79	6 hrs 02 mins
10:00am-12:00pm	9.27	6 hrs 02 mins
12:00pm-2:00pm	7.41	11 hrs 15 mins
2:00pm-4:00pm	6.80	16 hrs 06 mins
4:00pm-6:00pm	7.14	16 hrs 27 mins
6:00pm-8:00pm	6.61	23 hrs 19 mins
8:00pm-10:00pm	6.78	25 hrs 54 mins
10:00pm-12:00am	7.74	10 hrs 01 mins

 TABLE I

 Average charge amount (kwh) and average stay duration for

 DIFFERENT ARRIVAL TIME BLOCKS.

### Results



Test #	$w_1$	$w_2$	Coupling Constraint (kW)	Energy Delivered	Electricity Purchase Cost	Demand Charge Cost	Forced Initial Charge	Initial Charge Rate
Status Quo	n/a	n/a	n/a	100%	100%	100%	n/a	n/a
01	2	1	250	50.13%	45.78%	64.50%	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
02	2	1	150	50.01%	45.83%	88.76%	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
03	2	1	125	50.68%	46.33%	73.96%	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
04	2	1	110	50.44%	45.94%	65.09%	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
05	2	1	110	44.20%	36.40%	65.09%	No	n/a
06	2	1	100	45.05%	37.45%	59.17%	No	n/a
07	10	1	100	81.93%	81.36%	59.17%	No	n/a
08	10	1	150	83.85%	81.03%	88.76%	No	n/a
09	10	1	250	84.21%	80.98%	89.94%	No	n/a
10	10	1	100	Infeasible	Infeasible	Infeasible	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
11	10	1	110	81.76%	81.09%	65.09%	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
12	10	1	150	83.49%	81.80%	88.76%	Yes	$\frac{1}{2}p_{max}$
13	10	1	150	Infeasible	Infeasible	Infeasible	Yes	$p_{max}$
13	10	1	250	87.25%	84.81%	97.63%	Yes	$p_{max}$

#### TABLE II Results for 13 different test cases.





EEE

## Results



Power & Energy Society

- Varied local transformer capacity
- Varied initial power delivery to each EV
  - Minimum energy guarantee
- Real-time smart charging algorithm allows for less infrastructure investment



## Conclusions

- Companies are installing EV charging infrastructure
- However, benefits of this infrastructure are not maximized unless a smart-charging strategy is implemented
  - Presented a real-time smart charging algorithm
  - Extends the utility of constrained infrastructure
- Future work: Include more realistic utility functions and more revenue, profit, user-utility comparisons



